

OptumCare ACE Smart Edits

Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	009NCS	Per Medicare, the item, service, or code is a non-covered service. Please update as applicable.	<p>Facility Non Covered Codes</p> <p>The 009NCS edit will fire when an outpatient claim contains a HCPCS/CPT code that is designated as non-covered based on other than statute. The services in this list are a subset of the services assigned to payment status of "E" or the revenue code is 099x with status indicator of "E" submitted without a HCPCS/CPT code for OPSS. The edit will also fire on claim lines submitted with revenue code 0760 without a HCPCS code. This is based on guidelines from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 4, Section 10.1.1 - Payment Status Indicators state "The status indicator identifies whether the service described by the HCPCS code is paid under the OPSS and if so, whether payment is made separately or packaged. The status indicator may also provide additional information about how the code is paid under the OPSS or under another payment system or fee schedule." Addendum D1 - Payment Status Indicators published by CMS defines status indicator of "E" as "Items, Codes and Services that are covered by Medicare for reasons other than statutory exclusion." Medicare has a list of HCPCS codes that are considered to be non-covered under Medicare's outpatient benefit for reason other than statute. The Integrated Outpatient Code Editor contains an edit which will deny the claim line when a service is submitted with a status indicator of "E" indicating the service is non-covered under any Medicare outpatient benefit, for reasons other than statutory exclusion for OPSS and Non-OPSS. In addition, per the OCE V20.2, edit 009NCS will also fire when revenue code 760 is submitted with a blank HCPCS. In summary, the 009NCS edit will fire when a HCPCS code is on the 'non-covered HCPCS codes' list for OPSS and Non-OPSS or when revenue code 099x or 0760 is submitted without a HCPCS code for OPSS. This edit applies to both OPSS and non-OPSS claims.</p>	Medicare	5/11/2023	Institutional
Return	017IBP	HCPCS code <1> is inherently bilateral and should not be billed more than once for the same date of service. Please update as applicable.	<p>Inappropriate Specification of Bilateral Procedure Same Claim</p> <p>The 017IBP edit fires when an inherently bilateral procedure code occurs on more than one line or with more than one unit for the same date of service. This edit applies unless modifier 76 or 77 is submitted on the second or subsequent line or units Condition code G0 will override edit 17 for inherently bilateral codes with a status indicator of "V." This edit is based on a requirement from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).</p> <p>The Integrated Outpatient Editor (IOCE) supports this requirement. It states, "The same inherent bilateral procedure code occurs two or more times (based on units and/or lines) on</p>	Medicaid	6/20/2024	Institutional
Return	010DID	The other diagnoses codes <1> are invalid due to having an incomplete number of digits. Please update as applicable.	<p>Inpatient Incomplete Other Diagnosis</p> <p>The 010DID edit identifies an inpatient claim when the secondary diagnosis code does not have the required additional digits. The Medicare Code Editor checks each diagnosis including the admitting diagnosis against a table of valid ICD codes. If an entered code does not agree with any code on the internal list, it is assumed to be invalid.</p>	Medicare	5/11/2023	Institutional
Rejection	023BDS	The service date <1> on line <2>, is not within the From and Through dates of service on the claim. Please update as applicable.	<p>Invalid Date</p> <p>The 023BDS edit identifies when the service date falls outside the range of the From and Through dates.</p>	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Institutional
Rejection	048RRH	Claim line revenue code <1> requires submission of a HCPCS code.	<p>Revenue Center Requires HCPCS</p> <p>The 048RRH edit identifies claim lines containing bill types 13x, 74x, 75x, 76x, or 12x/14x without condition code 41, HCPCS is blank, and the revenue center status indicator is not N or F. This edit is bypassed when the revenue code is 100x, 210x, 310x, 099x, 0905-0907, 0500, 0509, 0583, 0660-0663, 0669, 0931, 0932, 0521, 0522, 0524, 0525, 0527, 0528, 0637, or 0948. Per the Outpatient Code Editor (OCE) V20.2, this edit should be bypassed when</p>	Medicare	3/30/2023	Institutional
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Rejection	049SIP	Ancillary service billed on the same day as an inpatient only procedure. Please update as applicable.	Service on Same Day as Inpatient Procedure The 049SIP edit identifies when a claim line has a C status indicator and is not on the 'separate procedure' list or a claim line has a C status indicator and is on the 'separate procedure' list, and there are no type T lines on the same day and Modifier CA is not present.	Medicare	4/6/2023	Institutional
Return	04PAGE	Age conflict; the Principal diagnosis <1> is not permissible for the patient's age. Please update as applicable.	Principal Diagnosis - Age Conflict Edit 04PAGE is triggered when an inpatient claim contains a principal diagnosis code that is inconsistent with the patient's age. This edit looks at the principal diagnosis code that is submitted on an inpatient claim and determine if the diagnosis have an age designation for the code and calculates the age of the patient using the patient's date of birth and the "through" date on the claim. This edit is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claim Processing Manual - Chapter 3, "Inpatient Hospital Billing" Section 20.2.1 - Age Conflict supports this requirement. The MCE detects inconsistencies between a patient's age and any diagnosis on the patient's record. Examples are: â€¢A 5 year old patient with benign prostatic hypertrophy	Medicaid	6/6/2024	Institutional
Return	092DDP	A device-dependent procedure <1> requires that a device HCPCS code be submitted on the same day. Please update as applicable.	Device-Intensive Procedure Reported Without Device Code The 092DDP edit identifies when a device-dependent procedure is submitted without the device HCPCS code on the same date of service. Effective January 1, 2015, the submission of a device-dependent procedure also requires that a device be submitted on the same day. If any device-dependent procedure is submitted without a code for a device on the same date of service, the claim will be returned. Discontinued procedures (indicated by the presence of modifier 52, 73 or 74 on the line) are not returned for a missing device code. Effective 1/1/2019, certain device-intensive procedures codes are applicable for bypass if an insertion of a device is not completed (e.g., revised only). For this edit to be bypassed a device procedure on the "Edit 92 Modifier Bypass" list is reported with modifier CG.	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Institutional
Return	099LPP	This claim contains a pass-through or non-pass-through drug or biological HCPCS code <1> but lacks the associated payable procedure that must be submitted on the same claim. Please update as applicable.	Claim With Pass-Through or Non-Pass-Through Drug or Biological Lacks Payable Procedure The 099LPP edit identifies when a pass-through or non-pass-through drug or biological is billed without an associated payable procedure on the same claim. Pass-through drugs and biologicals include radiopharmaceuticals, contrast agents, skin substitute products and stress agents. Claims containing drugs and biological HCPCS codes with pass-through status (SI = G) or non-pass-through status (SI = K) that are reported without an OPPS payable procedure (SI = J1, J2, P, Q1, Q2, Q3, R, S, T, U, V) are returned to the provider.	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	16DSC	The patient status is not valid. Please update as applicable.	Facility Inpatient Invalid Patient Discharge Status The 16DSC edit is triggered when a claim is submitted with an invalid Patient Discharge Status Code. When an invalid discharge status is reported, the patient is presumed to have been discharged alive for the purpose of performing the non-specific principal diagnosis check. This is based on a requirement from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)and the National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 25 Completing and Processing the Form CMS-1450 Data Set, Section 75.2 Form Locators 16-30 is consistent with this requirement and states that Field Locator 17 is required to indicate the patient's discharge status as of the "Through" date of the billing period. It is required for all Part A inpatient, SNF, hospice, home health agency (HHA) and outpatient hospital services. The Medicare Code Editor (MCE) is consistent with CMS. The MCE Manual states, "Discharge status must be coded according to the UB-04 conventions". The National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) Official UB-04 Data Specifications Manual	Medicaid	6/6/2024	Institutional
Return	18OWPP	The Other diagnosis code <1> indicates that a wrong procedure was performed.	Wrong Procedure Performed Other Diagnosis The 18iOWPP edit is triggered when an inpatient claim contains a designated ICD-10-CM other diagnosis code which indicates that a wrong procedure was performed on the patient. This edit is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Code Editor (MCE) is consistent with CMS. The MCE Manual states, "Certain	Medicaid	6/20/2024	Institutional

Return	18PWPP	The Principal diagnosis code <1> indicates that a wrong procedure was performed.	Wrong Procedure Performed Principal Diagnosis The 18iPWPP edit is triggered when an inpatient claim contains a designated ICD-10-CM principal diagnosis code which indicates that a wrong procedure was performed on the patient. This edit is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Code Editor (MCE) is consistent with CMS. The MCE Manual states, "Certain external causes of morbidity codes indicate that the wrong procedure was performed."	Medicaid	6/20/2024	Institutional
Return	19LOS	Procedure code 5A1955Z should not be reported when the patient's length of stay is less than or equal to four days. Please update as applicable.	Facility Inpatient Procedure Inconsistent with Length of Stay The 19LOS edit identifies when ICD-10 procedure code 5A1955Z (Respiratory Ventilation, Greater than 96 Consecutive Hours) is reported with a length of stay less than or equal to four days, after subtracting number of days reported with Occurrence Span Code 74, effective for date of service on or after October 1, 2015. For original inpatient claims received on or after October 1, 2016, the contractor shall determine	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Institutional
Rejection	AKIPf	The Acute Kidney Injury (AKI) claim is missing the required procedure code. Please update as applicable.	Acute Kidney Injury Claim Without Required Procedure The AKIPXf edit will fire when an Acute Kidney Injury (AKI) claim is billed with condition code 84 without the required Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) code G0491. This is based on a requirement from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). CMS Transmittal R1725OTN, Changes to the End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Facility Claim (Type of Bill 72X) to Accommodate Dialysis Furnished to Beneficiaries	Medicare	10/26/2023	Institutional
Return	ARGf	Argatroban, HCPCS code J0883 can not be submitted on TOB 072X. Please update as applicable.	Argatroban, HCPCS J0883, Can Not Be Submitted On TOB 072X The ARGf edit will fire when an End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) claim, type of bill 072X, is billed with HCPCS code J0883. This is based on a requirement from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). CMS Transmittal R231BP, Implementation of Changes in the End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Prospective Payment System (PPS) and Payment for Dialysis Furnished for Acute Kidney Injury (AKI) in ESRD Facilities for Calendar Year (CY) 2017, dated November 4, 2016 supports this requirement. It states, "Medicare contractors shall return to the provider type of bill 072X (ESRD) when non-ESRD HCPCS are reported on the claim: J0883 - Injection, Argatroban, 1mg (for non-ESRD use). Note: There is a new HCPCS J0883 for argatroban for non-ESRD use. This code will not be permitted on the ESRD type of bill 072x." In summary, the ARGf edit will fire on an ESRD claim that is submitted with HCPCS code J0883.	Medicare	10/26/2023	Institutional
Return	ARMf	Invalid or missing required ambulance modifier(s). Please update as applicable.	Ambulance Required Service Provided Under Arrangement or Directly Modifier Rule Criteria - For claims with dates of service on or after April 1, 2002, A/MACs perform the following edit to assure proper reporting: 1. Edit to assure the presence of an origin, destination modifier, and a QM or QN modifier for every line item containing revenue code 540; Two of the following letters submitted together create the origin/destination modifier that must be present. Each alpha character, with the exception of "X" represents an origin code and a destination code. The pair of alpha codes creates one modifier. D = Diagnostic or therapeutic site other than P or H when these are used as origin codes; E = Residential, domiciliary, custodial facility (other than 1819 facility); G = Hospital based ESRD facility;	Medicaid	4/25/2024	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	ARMf	Invalid or missing required ambulance modifier(s). Please update as applicable.	Ambulance Required Modifiers for Ambulance Mileage HCPCS Code Rule Criteria - For claims with dates of service on or after April 1, 2002, A/MACs perform the following edit to assure proper reporting: 1. Edit to assure the presence of an origin, destination modifier, and a QM or QN modifier for every line item containing revenue code 540; Two of the following letters submitted together create the origin/destination modifier that must be present. Each alpha character, with the exception of "X" represents an origin code and a destination code. The pair of alpha codes creates one modifier.	Medicaid	4/25/2024	Institutional
Return	ARMf	Invalid or missing required ambulance modifier(s). Please update as applicable.	Ambulance Required Origin and Destination Modifier Rule Criteria - For claims with dates of service on or after April 1, 2002, A/MACs perform the following edit to assure proper reporting: 1. Edit to assure the presence of an origin, destination modifier, and a QM or QN modifier for every line item containing revenue code 540; Two of the following letters submitted together create the origin/destination modifier that must be present. Each alpha character, with the exception of "X" represents an origin code and a destination code. The pair of alpha codes creates one modifier.	Medicaid	4/25/2024	Institutional
Return	ASRf	Assistant at surgery modifiers are only payable by Medicare in Method II Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs). Please update as applicable.	Assistant at Surgery Rule The ASRf edit will fire when a claim is submitted with an "Assistant at Surgery" modifier 80, 81, 82, or AS and the bill type is other than 085X along with the revenue code is other than 96X, 97X, or 98X. This is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Medicare Claim Processing Manual, Chapter 4, Section 250.9 - Coding Assistant at Surgery Services Rendered in a Method II CAH states an assistant at surgery is a physician or non-physician practitioner who actively assists the physician in charge of the case in performing a surgical procedure.	Medicare	5/23/2024	Institutional
Rejection	BDS	The beginning or ending Date of Service is invalid or missing. Please update as applicable.	Missing or Invalid Date of Service The rule identifies claim lines that have a missing or invalid Beginning or Ending Date Of Service (DOS). If either the Beginning DOS or the Ending DOS is missing or invalid, the line is dropped and the BDS flag is fired.	Medicare	11/16/2023	Professional

Return	BDS	The beginning or ending Date of Service is invalid or missing. Please update as applicable.	Missing or Invalid Date of Service The beginning or ending Date of Service is invalid or missing. Please update as applicable.	Medicaid	5/2/2024	Professional
Rejection	BICCL	CLIA ID <1> does not meet the certification level for procedure code <1>. Please update as applicable.	Invalid CLIA Billing Provider Certification Level The lab certification level must support the billed service code. Laboratory service providers who do not meet the reporting requirements and/or do not have the appropriate level of CLIA certification for the services reported will not be reimbursed. If the code is under waiver a modifier will be required.	Medicare	5/25/2023	Professional
Rejection	BPS	The place of service (<1>) is missing or invalid. Please update as applicable.	Missing or Bad POS The BPS System Rule verifies the place of service (POS) code submitted on each claim line against the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Place of Service list found in the Code Repository.	Medicare	5/11/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	CAG	Procedure Code <1> is not typical for a patient whose age is <2> <3>. Please update as applicable.	Procedure Age The code submitted is invalid due to the age of the member at time of service. This edit applies when procedure codes are reported for the inappropriate patient's age.	Medicare	11/16/2023	Professional
Return	CCDf	Condition codes H3, H4 and H5 must be submitted on end stage renal disease claims. Please update as applicable.	Condition Codes H3, H4, H5 Can Only Be Submit on TOB 072x The CCDf edit will fire on a line that is submitted with a condition code H3, H4, or H5 and the claim Type of Bill is not 072X. This is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and The National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 8, Section 50.3 - Required Information for In-Facility Claims Paid Under the Composite Rate and the ESRD PPS list H3, H4 and H5 as condition codes that are completed by hospital based and independent renal facilities.	Medicare	5/23/2024	Institutional
Rejection	CCIPS	Provider state <1> submitted on the claim does not match the state registered with CLIA <2>. Please update claim as applicable.	CLIA Invalid Provider State Code CLIA Certificate Identification number and their associated state will be required for reimbursement of clinical laboratory services reported on a 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form (a/k/a CMS-1500) or its electronic equivalent. Any claim that does not contain the CLIA ID, invalid ID, and/or the complete servicing provider demographic information will be considered incomplete and rejected or denied. Please refer to Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) at https://www.cms.gov/regulations-and-guidance/legislation/CLIA .	Medicare	5/25/2023	Professional
Rejection	CCIPZ	Provider ZIP Code <1> submitted on the claim does not match ZIP code registered with CLIA <2>. Please update claim as applicable.	Commercial CLIA Invalid Provider ZIP Code CLIA Certificate Identification number and their associated state will be required for reimbursement of clinical laboratory services reported on a 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form (a/k/a CMS-1500) or its electronic equivalent. Any claim that does not contain the CLIA ID, invalid ID, and/or the complete servicing provider demographic information will be considered incomplete and rejected or denied. Please refer to Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) at https://www.cms.gov/regulations-and-guidance/legislation/CLIA .	Medicare	5/25/2023	Professional
Rejection	CCRCf	Type of bill <1> requires an appropriate claim change reason code. Please update as applicable.	Appropriate Claim Change Reason Code Required on Adjusted Claims The edit will fire when a correct claim change reason code is not present on an adjusted claim with TOB XX7 or XX8. For reason codes D0-D4 and D7-D9, and E0 the biller submits a debit-only adjustment request, bill type xx7. For reason codes D5 and D6, it submits a cancel-only adjustment request, bill type xx8.	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Institutional

Return	CDL	Procedure code <1> is no longer active. Please review and update as applicable.	Deleted Procedure Code CMS maintain and annually updates a list of Current Procedural Terminology (CPT)/Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Codes. The AMA develops and manages CPT codes on a rigorous and transparent process which ensures codes are issued and updated regularly to reflect current clinical practice and innovation	Medicare	1/18/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	COVDX	ICD-10 U072 is for international reporting only and should not be used to indicate a medical COVID-19 diagnosis. Please update as applicable.	Inappropriate COVID Diagnosis CMS and the AMA have developed new procedure codes specifically for COVID vaccination administration and products. Vaccine administration is to be billed primary to Medicare, and should not be sent to OptumCare Medicare Advantage plans for reimbursement. Since ACE only processes primary claims, any claim with an admin code should be rejected. This edit will follow global exclusions such as \$03 or less to accommodate practice management system limitations.	Medicare	1/11/2024	Professional
Rejection	COVDXf	ICD-10 U072 is for international reporting only and should not be used to indicate a medical COVID-19 diagnosis. Please update as applicable.	Inappropriate COVID Diagnosis CMS and the AMA have developed new procedure codes specifically for COVID vaccination administration and products. Vaccine administration is to be billed primary to Medicare, and should not be sent to OptumCare Medicare Advantage plans for reimbursement. Since ACE only processes primary claims, any claim with an admin code should be rejected. This edit will follow global exclusions such as \$03 or less to accommodate practice management system limitations.	Medicare	1/11/2024	Institutional
Rejection	DCCf	Per CMS guidelines, one condition code 59, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 80 or 87 must be present on End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) type of bill 072x claims. Please update as applicable.	Condition Code Must Be Present On All TOB 072X ESRD Claims The DCCf edit will fire on an ESRD claim Type of Bill (TOB) 072X when there is not a valid ESRD condition code submitted on the claim. The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 8, Section 50.3 - Required Information for In-Facility Claims Paid Under the Composite Rate and the ESRD PPS states, "for hospital-based and independent renal facilities, one of the condition codes 71-76 is applicable for every ESRD bill." Section 80.2.1 - Required Billing Information for Method I Claims has the same requirements as 50.3 with the addition of condition codes 74 and 80. In addition, CMS transmittal R17150TN, dated September 16, 2016, states that "Medicare Contractors shall add condition code 87 to the list of acceptable condition codes for dialysis treatments submitted on ESRD claims type of bill (TOB) 72x." Condition Code; 59 - Non-primary ESRD Facility - Code indicates that ESRD beneficiary received non-scheduled or emergency dialysis services at a facility other than his/her primary ESRD dialysis facility. 71 - Full Care in Unit - Providers enter this code to indicate the billing is for a patient who received staff-assisted dialysis services in a hospital or renal dialysis facility 72 - Self-Care in Unit - Providers enter this code to indicate the billing is for a patient who managed his own dialysis in a hospital or renal dialysis facility 73 - Self-Care in Training - Providers enter this code to indicate the billing is for special dialysis services where a patient and his/her helper (if necessary) were learning to perform dialysis 74 - Home - Code indicates the billing is for a patient who received dialysis services at home, but where code 75 below does not apply 76 - Back-up In-facility Dialysis - Providers enter this code to indicate the billing is for a home dialysis patient who received back-up dialysis in a facility 80 - Home Dialysis - Nursing Facility - Home dialysis furnished in a SNF or nursing facility. 87 - ESRD Self Care Retraining. In summary, DCCf will fire when an ESRD claim TOB 072X is submitted without a valid ESRD condition code.	Medicare	11/9/2023	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	DOB	Patient's Date of Birth is missing or invalid. Please update as applicable.	Missing Patient's Date of Birth The DOB System Rule identifies claim lines where the Date of Birth is missing or is prior to the date of service.	Medicare	3/7/2023	Professional

Return	DOBF	Patient's Date of Birth is missing on the claim. Please update as applicable.	Patient DOB is missing The DOB System Rule identifies claim lines where the Date of Birth is missing or is prior to the date of service.	Medicare	3/7/2023	Institutional
Rejection	DRCf	Only revenue codes for Part B inpatient services can be submitted on TOB 012X. Please update as applicable.	Revenue Codes Cannot Be Reported On Part B Hospital TOB 012X The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 4, Section 240.2 - Editing Of Hospital Part B Inpatient Services: Other Circumstances in Which Payment Cannot Be Made under Part A states Medicare pays under Part B for the limited set of non-physician medical and other health services provided in Pub. 100-02, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, chapter 6, §10.2 (that is, when furnished by a participating hospital to an inpatient of the hospital who is not entitled to benefits under Part A, has exhausted his or her Part A benefits, or receives services not covered under Part A), the contractor shall set revenue code edits to prevent payment on Type of Bill 12x for claims containing specified revenue codes.	Medicare	10/26/2023	Institutional
Return	FTDf	Missing admission date or invalid Statement Covers Period "From" or "Through" dates. Please update as applicable.	Missing or Invalid Admission Date The FTDf edit identifies claims that are missing a required admission date or an admission date that is after the Through date. Per the National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) the Admission/Start of Care Date is required on outpatient claims 012x, 022x, 032x, 034x, 081x, and 082x.	Medicare	1/18/2024	Institutional
Return	HIPDXf	Invalid principal diagnosis code <1> for hospice bill type 081x and 082x. Please update as applicable.	Hospice Invalid Principal Diagnosis Codes - I-10 New editing for principal diagnoses that are not appropriate for reporting on hospice claims. The principal diagnosis reported on the claim is the diagnosis most contributory to the terminal prognosis. ICD-10-CM Coding Guidelines state that codes listed under the classification of Symptoms, Signs, and Ill-defined Conditions are not to be used as principal diagnoses when a related definitive diagnosis has been established or confirmed by the provider. Hospice providers may not report diagnosis codes that cannot be used as the principal diagnosis according to ICD-10-CM Coding Guidelines and require further compliance with various ICD-10-CM coding conventions, such as those that have principal	Medicare	5/16/2024	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	IAG	Diagnosis code(s) <1> is not typical for a patient whose age is <2> <3>. Please update as applicable.	Diagnosis Age The edit identifies line items where the listed diagnosis code(s) is not typically performed for a person of the patient's age. This rule is to be used in place of the system diagnosis age (IAG) edit.	Medicare	4/25/2024	Professional
Return	IAGf	Diagnosis code(s) <1> is not typical for a patient whose age is <2> <3>. Please update as applicable.	Inappropriate Diagnosis Age The IAGf edit indicates that the patient's age is outside the valid age range specified for that diagnosis code (i.e) The patient's age is less than the beginning age or greater than the ending age for the diagnosis.	Medicaid	4/25/2024	Institutional
Rejection	IBC	Billing CLIA ID submitted on the claim is not valid based on QIES and CDC database. Please resubmit claim with a valid CLIA ID.	Invalid Billing CLIA ID A valid CLIA Certificate Identification number will be required for reimbursement of clinical laboratory services reported on a 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form (a/k/a CMS1500) or its electronic equivalent. Any claim that does not contain the CLIA ID, invalid ID, and/or the complete servicing provider demographic information will be considered incomplete.	Medicare	5/25/2023	Professional

Rejection	ICD	The diagnosis code(s) <1> are invalid.	Invalid Diagnosis Code The ICD System Rule identifies diagnosis codes that are not valid. This edit looks for blank diagnosis fields as well as a diagnosis code that is not present in the KnowledgeBase.	Medicare	9/28/2023	Professional
Return	ICM	There is no Primary Diagnosis listed for this procedure. Please update as applicable.	Missing Diagnosis Code This rule identifies line items with no diagnosis code listed in the primary diagnosis field.	Medicare	1/18/2024	Professional
Return	ICMf	The principal diagnosis code is missing. Please update as applicable.	Missing Principal Diagnosis Code - I -10 The ICMf rule indicates there is no principal diagnosis code on the current claim (outpatient) since it is a required field.	Medicare	1/18/2024	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	IDDMf	The discharge date is missing. Please update as applicable.	Inpatient Facility Discharge Date Missing The IDDMf edit will fire on an inpatient claim when the discharge date is missing. This is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). CMS Transmittal R2627CP, Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 Inpatient Prospective Payment System (IPPS), Long Term Care Hospital (LTCH) PPS Changes, dated January 4, 2013 supports this requirement as it states if no discharge date is entered, it is also invalid. The Medicare Code Editor (MCE) reports when an invalid discharge date is entered. In summary, the IDDMf edits indicate the discharge date is missing from an inpatient claim.	Medicaid	5/9/2024	Institutional
Return	IDNR	Per ICD-10-CM guidelines, diagnosis code(s) <1> is only for use on the maternal record, never on the newborn record. Please update as applicable.	Inappropriate Diagnosis Code(s) on Newborn Record This edit identifies when a maternal delivery diagnosis code(s) is reported on a newborn record. The obstetric diagnosis codes for this rule are identified as Chapter 15 codes O00-O9A and category codes Z3A and Z37. Per ICD-10-CM guidelines "Chapter 15 codes are to be used only on the maternal record, never on the record of the newborn" and "Codes from Chapter 15, the obstetric chapter, are never permitted on the newborn record." The guidelines for Z37 category codes state, "The outcome of delivery codes, category Z37, should be included on all maternal delivery records. It is always a secondary code. Codes in category Z37 should not be used on the newborn record." In addition, the guidelines for Z3A category state, "Codes from category Z3A are for use, only on the maternal record, to indicate the weeks of gestation of the pregnancy, if known." A newborns' age (perinatal period) is defined as 0-28 days per ICD 10-CM guidelines.	Medicare	10/26/2023	Professional
Rejection	IIRA	Per CMS, between May 1, 2023 and June 30, 2023 J1817 can only be billed with modifier JK. J1817, J1811, J1813 cannot be billed without modifier JK or JL after July 1, 2023. Please update as applicable.	Insulin Inflation Reduction Act Section 1833(b) of the Social Security Act (the Act) is amended by Section 11407 of the Inflation Reduction Act, which waives the Medicare Part B deductible beginning July 1, 2023 for insulin furnished through an item of DME covered under section 1861(n) of the Act. Also, Section 1833(a) of the Act is amended by Section 11407 of the Inflation Reduction Act, which requires that beneficiary coinsurance for a month's supply of insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment is not to exceed \$35 beginning July 1, 2023. The supplier payment is to be adjusted as necessary so that Medicare pays for the rest of the amount for the month's supply of insulin. The Shared Systems Maintainers (SSMs) shall implement necessary changes to their respective systems in order to ensure their systems are programmed to adjudicate Medicare Part B claims containing HCPCS for insulin administered via DME pump, ensuring the beneficiary coinsurance for a month's supply of insulin is not to exceed \$35. The supplier payment is to be adjusted as necessary, so that Medicare pays for the rest of the amount for the month's supply of insulin. The following modifiers are effective April 1, 2023: JK - Short Descriptor: Drug supply 1 month or less; Long Descriptor: One month supply or less of drug or biological JL - Short Descriptor: Drug 3-month supply; Long Descriptor: Three-month supply of drug or biological.	Medicare	7/27/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type

Rejection	IIRAf	Per CMS, between May 1, 2023 and June 30, 2023 J1817 can only be billed with modifier JK. J1817, J1811, J1813 cannot be billed without modifier JK or JL after July 1, 2023. Please update as applicable.	Insulin Inflation Reduction Act Section 1833(b) of the Social Security Act (the Act) is amended by Section 11407 of the Inflation Reduction Act, which waives the Medicare Part B deductible beginning July 1, 2023 for insulin furnished through an item of DME covered under section 1861(n) of the Act. Also, Section 1833(a) of the Act is amended by Section 11407 of the Inflation Reduction Act, which requires that beneficiary coinsurance for a month's supply of insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment is not to exceed \$35 beginning July 1, 2023. The supplier payment is to be adjusted as necessary so that Medicare pays for the rest of the amount for the month's supply of insulin. The Shared Systems Maintainers (SSMs) shall implement necessary changes to their respective systems in order to ensure their systems are programmed to adjudicate Medicare Part B claims containing HCPCS for insulin administered via DME pump, ensuring the beneficiary coinsurance for a month's supply of insulin is not to exceed \$35. The supplier payment is to be adjusted as necessary, so that Medicare pays for the rest of the amount for the month's supply of insulin. The following modifiers are effective April 1, 2023: JK - Short Descriptor: Drug supply 1 month or less; Long Descriptor: One month supply or less of drug or biological JL - Short Descriptor: Drug 3-month supply; Long Descriptor: Three-month supply of drug or biological.	Medicare	7/27/2023	Institutional
Return	IMO	Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> is inappropriate with Modifier TC. Performance of the test is paid under the lab fee schedule. Please update as applicable.	Invalid Modifier Code The IMO edit identifies the claim line which has one or more invalid modifier code(s). All modifiers are validated to verify if they are present in the Modifier Edits table and valid for the date of service. If there is a modifier on the claim line which is not present in the system, has been disabled, or is not effective or valid for the date of service the IMO flag is fired.	Medicare	5/11/2023	Professional
Return	IMO	The modifier code(s) <1> are invalid. Please update as applicable.	Invalid Modifier Code This rule identifies the claim line which has one or more invalid modifier code(s). All modifiers are validated to verify if they are present in the Modifier Edits table and valid for the date of service. If there is a modifier on the claim line which is not present in the system, has been disabled, or is not effective or valid for the date of service the IMO flag is fired.	Medicaid	4/18/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	ISC	Servicing CLIA ID submitted on the claim is not valid based on QIES and CDC database. Please resubmit claim with a valid CLIA ID.	Invalid Servicing CLIA ID A valid CLIA Certificate Identification number will be required for reimbursement of clinical laboratory services reported on a 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form (a/k/a CMS1500) or its electronic equivalent. Any claim that does not contain the CLIA ID, invalid ID, and/or the complete servicing provider demographic information will be considered incomplete.	Medicare	5/25/2023	Professional

Rejection	mAM	Per CMS guidelines, HCPCS Code <1> is identified as an ambulance code and requires an ambulance modifier appended. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Ambulance Origin and Destination Modifiers For ambulance service claims, Facility-based providers and suppliers must report an origin and destination modifier for each ambulance trip provided in HCPCS/Rates. Origin and destination modifiers used for ambulance services are created by combining two alpha characters. Each alpha character, except for X, represents an origin code or a destination code. The pair of alpha codes creates one modifier. The first position alpha code equals origin; the second position alpha code equals destination. The mAM edit identifies claim lines that contain an ambulance HCPCS code without an ambulance modifier appended that has a first character of D, E, G, H, I, J, N, P, R or S and a second character of D, E, G, H, I, J, N, P, R, S or X. When an ambulance HCPCS code without an appropriate ambulance modifier is on the current claim, the mAM edit is triggered. Please refer to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 15, 30 - General Billing Guidelines, Page 25 for further information.	Medicare	4/20/2023	Professional
Rejection	mANM	Per Medicare guidelines, anesthesia code <1> on claim line ID <2> requires an appropriate modifier. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Anesthesia Modifier The mANM edit uses the CMS Medicare Claims Processing Manual to identify anesthesia services that were submitted without an anesthesia modifier. This edit fires on all claim lines that contain an anesthesia code, excluding CPT code 01996, submitted without modifier AA, AD, QK, QX, QY or QZ appended. Physicians must append the appropriate anesthesia modifier to denote whether the service was personally performed, medically directed, or medically supervised. Payment for the service is determined by the use of these modifiers. Please refer to the Anesthesia Services Reimbursement Policy on UHCprovider.com.	Medicare	5/11/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type

Rejection	mAS	Procedure code <1> is not appropriate when billed by an assistant surgeon. Please update codes as applicable.	No Payment for Assistant Surgeons Procedure Edits All codes in the NPFS with the status code indicator "1" for "Assistant Surgeons" are considered to not be reimbursable for Assistant Surgeon services, as indicated by an Assistant Surgeon or surgical assistant modifier (80, 81, 82, or AS), and will not be allowed for payment. Please refer to the National Physician Fee Schedule Relative Value File for further information.	Medicare	4/27/2023	Professional
Return	mB50	A bilateral procedure code <1> submitted with modifier 50 and billed with more than 1 unit of service is inappropriate. Please update as applicable.	Bilateral Modifier 50 Billed With More Than 1 Unit The mB50 edit identifies claim lines that contain a procedure code with modifier 50 appended and billed with more than 1 unit of service. These codes are identified by indicators "1" or "3" in the bilateral column of the Medicare Physician Fee Schedules (MPFS). "Modifier 50 applies to bilateral procedures performed on both sides of the body during the same operative session. When a procedure is identified by the terminology as bilateral or unilateral, the 50 modifier is not reported. If a procedure is authorized for the 150 percent payment adjustment for bilateral procedures (payment policy indicator 1), the procedure shall be reported on a single line item with the 50 modifier and one service unit. Whenever the 50 modifier is appended, the appropriate number of service units is one."	Medicare	4/27/2023	Professional
Rejection	mBC	Per CMS guidelines, payment for procedure code <1> is always bundled into payment for other services not specified and no separate payment is made. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Bundled Code Consistent with CMS, UnitedHealthcare will not separately reimburse for specific CPT/HCPCS codes assigned a status code "B" on the NPFS Relative Value File indicating a bundled procedure. B Bundle Codes are not reimbursable services regardless of whether they are billed alone or in conjunction with other services. Please refer to Section 20.3 of the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (cms.gov).	Medicare	5/11/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	mBI	Per Medicare guidelines procedure code <1> is an item or service that has no separate payment under the physician fee schedule. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Bundling Item Or Service The mBI edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS) to identify CPT® codes with the indicator "P" in the Status Code column of the MPFS as Bundled or Excluded for which no separate payment should be made under the MPFS. Attachment A of the MPFS defines the indicator or "P" in the Status Code column as follows: "P = Bundled/Excluded Codes. There are no RVUs and no payment amounts for these services. No separate payment should be made for them under the fee schedule. --If the item or service is covered as incident to a physician service and is provided on the same day as a physician service, payment for it is bundled into the payment for the physician service to which it is incident. (An example is an elastic bandage furnished by a physician incident to physician service.) --If the item or service is covered as other than incident to a physician service, it is excluded from the fee schedule (i.e., colostomy supplies) and should be paid under the other payment provision of the Act." As stated within the Medicare Claims Processing Manual, "There are a number of	Medicare	4/18/2024	Professional
Rejection	MCID	CLIA ID was not submitted on the claim. Please resubmit claim with a valid CLIA ID.	Missing CLIA ID A valid CLIA Certificate Identification number will be required for reimbursement of clinical laboratory services reported on a 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form (a/k/a CMS1500) or its electronic equivalent. Any claim that does not contain the CLIA ID, invalid ID, and/or the complete servicing provider demographic information will be considered incomplete. Please refer to Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) at https://www.cms.gov/regulations-and-guidance/legislation/CLIA .	Medicare	5/25/2023	Professional

Return	mCO	Per Medicare guidelines, billing for co-surgeons is not permitted for procedure code <1>. Please update as applicable.	Co-Surgeons Not Permitted Procedure The mCO edit identifies claim lines that contain procedure codes with modifier 62 appended inappropriately under CMS guidelines. CMS has designated codes that are identified by the indicator of "0" in the co-surgeon column of the National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) as ineligible for modifier 62. The NPFS defines the indicator "0" in the co-surgery column as follows: "0=Co-Surgeons not permitted for this procedure."	Medicare	4/20/2023	Professional
Rejection	mCVAXA	COVID-19 vaccine administration code <1> should be billed to Original Medicare. Please update as applicable.	Medicare COVID-19 Vaccine Admin Code CMS and the AMA have developed new procedure codes specifically for COVID vaccination administration and products. Vaccine administration is to be billed primary to Medicare, and should not be sent to OptumCare Medicare Advantage plans for reimbursement. Since ACE only processes primary claims, any claim with an admin code should be rejected. This edit will follow global exclusions such as \$03 or less to accommodate practice management system limitations.	Medicare	1/11/2024	Professional
Rejection	mCVAXA f	COVID-19 vaccine administration code <1> should be billed to Original Medicare. Please update as applicable.	Medicare COVID-19 Vaccine Admin Code CMS and the AMA have developed new procedure codes specifically for COVID vaccination administration and products. Vaccine administration is to be billed primary to Medicare, and should not be sent to OptumCare Medicare Advantage plans for reimbursement. Since ACE only processes primary claims, any claim with an admin code should be rejected. This edit will follow global exclusions such as \$03 or less to accommodate practice management system limitations.	Medicare	1/11/2024	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	mDT	Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> describes a diagnostic procedure that requires a professional component modifier in this place of service.	Diagnostic Test in Hospital The mDT edit identifies claim lines which have procedure codes that are diagnostic tests performed in an Inpatient or Outpatient hospital or skilled nursing setting. When a provider is billing these services in an Inpatient or Outpatient hospital or skilled nursing setting, only the professional component should be billed (modifier 26).	Medicare	5/4/2023	Professional
Rejection	MFLf	REJECT - A diagnosis code(s), which meets medical necessity for procedure code <1>, is missing or invalid. Please update as applicable.	Effective January 1, 2011, Vaccines and their administration are reported using separate codes. Applicable bill types are: 12x, 13x, 22x, 23x, 34x, 72x, 83x, 75x and 85x One of the following diagnosis codes must be reported as appropriate. If the sole purpose for the visit is to receive a vaccine or if a vaccine is the only service billed on a claim the applicable following diagnosis code may be used. * V04.81 - Influenza vaccination with dates of services 10/1/2003 and later * V06.6 - Influenza and pneumococcal (Effective October 1, 2006, providers must report diagnosis code V06.6 on claims when the purpose of the visit was to receive both vaccines during the same visit ICD-10-CM diagnosis code Z23 may be used for an encounter for immunizations effective with the implementation of ICD-10.	Medicare	5/9/2024	Institutional

Return	mGT	Per Medicare guidelines, modifier <1> is inappropriately appended to procedure code <2>. Please update as applicable.	Modifier 26 or TC applied inappropriately - Global Service This edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that have the modifier 26 or TC appended inappropriately. The concept of professional and technical component splits (PC/TC) does not apply since global test only codes identified by the indicator of "4" in the PC/TC column of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) cannot be split into professional and technical components under CMS rules. Modifier 26 and TC cannot be used with these codes. The CMS NPFS PCTC indicator "4" is defined as follows: "4 = Global Test Only Codes--This indicator identifies stand-alone codes that describe selected diagnostic tests for which there are associated codes that describe (a) the professional component of the test only, and (b) the technical component of the test only. Modifiers 26 and TC cannot be used with these codes. The total RVUs for global procedure only codes include values for physician work, practice expense, and malpractice expense. The total RVUs for global procedure only codes equals the sum of the total RVUs for the professional and technical components only codes combined."	Medicare	1/18/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	mHB	Per Medicare guidelines, a diagnosis code(s), which meets medical necessity for procedure code G0010, is missing or invalid. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Hepatitis B Vaccine Rule New rule to capture the submission of Hepatitis B administration and vaccine procedure codes without the required diagnosis code per CMS guidelines.	Medicare	4/18/2024	Professional
Rejection	MHBf	A diagnosis code(s), which meets medical necessity for procedure code <1>, is missing or invalid. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Hepatitis Vaccine Requires Diagnosis The MMHBf and MHBf edits utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) guidelines found in the Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, and The Guide to Medicare Preventive Services to identify Hepatitis B procedures. This edit fires on all claim lines that contain a Hepatitis B vaccine code and a Hepatitis B administration code is not found or a Hepatitis B administration code and a Hepatitis B vaccine code is not found for the same patient and same date of service. This edit will also fire when a Hepatitis B vaccine code or a Hepatitis B administration code is found on the claim without the required diagnosis code for the same patient on the same date of service. All providers bill the Fls/AB MACs for hepatitis B on Form CMS-1450. Hepatitis B Vaccine guidelines: Medicare pays for the Hepatitis B virus (HBV) vaccine and administration for	Medicare	5/11/2023	Institutional
Return	M10f	Per CMS guidelines, ICD-10 codes cannot be billed for dates of service prior to October 1, 2015. Please update as applicable.	Facility Medicare ICD-10 Code Rule The M10f edit is triggered when an outpatient claim contains an ICD-10 code type and the "through" date of service is prior to October 1, 2015. This edit is also triggered when an inpatient claim contains an ICD-10 code type and the "through" date of service is prior to October 1, 2015. The M10SCf edit is triggered when an outpatient claim contains an ICD-10 code type and the "from" date is less than or equal to September 30, 2015 and the "through" date is greater than or equal to October 1, 2015. These edits are based on SE1408 requirements from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).	Medicaid	6/20/2024	Institutional
Return	M19f	ICD-9 code types cannot be billed for dates of service greater than September 30, 2015. Please update as applicable.	Facility Medicare ICD-9 Code Rule The M19f edit is triggered when an outpatient claim contains an ICD-9 code type and the "through" date of service is greater than September 30, 2015. This edit is also triggered when an inpatient claim contains an ICD-9 code type and the "through" date of service is greater than September 30, 2015. The M19SCf edit is triggered when an outpatient claim contains an ICD-9 code type and the "from" date is less than or equal to September 30, 2015 and the "through" date is greater than or equal to October 1, 2015. These edits are based on SE1408 requirements from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).	Medicaid	6/20/2024	Institutional
Return	mIC	Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> is a service covered incident to a physician's service and modifier 26 or TC is not appropriate. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Incident to Codes Incident to a physician's professional services means the services or supplies are furnished as an integral, although incidental, part of the physician's personal professional services in the course of diagnosis or treatment of an injury or illness. As a condition for OptumCare Medicare Advantage payment all "incident to" services and supplies must be furnished in accordance with applicable state law and the individual furnishing "incident to" services must meet any applicable state requirements to provide such services.	Medicare	1/18/2024	Professional

Rejection	mIM	Modifier is not appropriate for procedure code. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Inappropriate Modifier - Follow Up Days This edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS) to determine whether a procedure code billed on a Medicare claim is submitted with an inappropriate modifier. This edit identifies claims submitted with modifier 22 with MPFS follow up days of MMM,XXX, or ZZZ. If the current line has the modifier 22, and if the follow up days for the procedure in the MPFS is MMM, XXX, or ZZZ the mIM edit will trigger. The Medicare Claims Processing	Medicare	7/27/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	MIT2f	I21.A1 is an inappropriate principal diagnosis per ICD-10 guidelines and will not be forwarded for claim adjudication. Please resubmit claim with an appropriate principal diagnosis.	Myocardial Infarction Type 2 Reporting According to Medicare ICD-10-CM Official Coding Guidelines it states- "Type 2 Myocardial Infarction is assigned to I21.A1 with the underlying cause coded first." Please refer to ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting found on www.cms.gov.	Medicare	11/16/2023	Institutional
Rejection	mLP	Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> is inappropriate with Modifier TC. Performance of the test is paid under the lab fee schedule. Please update as	Laboratory Physician Interpretation The mLP Medicare Rule identifies claim lines which have clinical laboratory codes that are interpreted by laboratory physicians, for which separate payment may be made, and the modifier TC is attached. Modifier -TC (technical component) cannot be used with these codes.	Medicare	10/26/2023	Professional
Rejection	mLTH	REJECT - Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> describes a laboratory procedure that is not eligible for separate reimbursement in place of service <2>.	Laboratory Testing in Hospital The edit identifies claim lines that contain laboratory codes identified by the indicator of "9" in the PC/TC column of the CMS Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS), are also within the CPT code range of 80047 through 89398 or on the Clinical Laboratory Fee Schedule, and are submitted inappropriately with an inpatient hospital or outpatient hospital place of service code in the system list Diagnostic Test POS Codes. Following the MPFS and the Code of	Medicare	5/16/2024	Professional
Rejection	mM54	Per CMS Guidelines, the presence of modifier 54 indicates that only the intraoperative portion of the global fee should be reimbursed. Please update as applicable.	Intra-Operative Care Only Reduction The mM54 rule utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) and the Medicare Claims Processing Manual to identify when a code with modifier 54 appended is eligible for a reduction. This flag fires on all claim lines that contain a code submitted with modifier 54 appended and have a number, other than zero, in the Intra Op column of the NPFS. The NPFS defines the Intra Op column as follows: "Intraoperative Percentage = Percentage for intraoperative portion of global package,	Medicare	9/28/2023	Professional
Return	mM56	Per CMS Guidelines, the presence of modifier 56 indicates that only the preoperative portion of the global fee should be reimbursed. Please update as applicable.	Pre-Operative Care Only Reduction The mM56 rule utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) and the Medicare Claims Processing Manual to identify when a code with modifier 56 appended is eligible for a reduction. This flag fires on all claim lines that contain a code submitted with modifier 56 appended and have a number, other than zero, in the Pre Op column of the NPFS. The NPFS defines the Pre Op column as follows: "Preoperative Percentage = Percentage for preoperative portion of global package." The NPFS designates procedures that are appropriate for appendage of modifier 56. When a procedure code is listed in the NPFS with a number other than zero in the Pre Op column it indicates those procedure codes are eligible for a preoperative care only reduction and are eligible for modifier 56. The mM56 rule will fire on all claim lines when the modifier 56 is present and a number, other than zero, is listed in the Pre Op column in the NPFS. The mM56 rule will review a primary surgical procedure code to determine if it is eligible for a reduction. When the modifier 56 is present and a zero is listed in the Pre Op column in the NPFS the line will not receive the flag. Also when modifier 56 is not present and a number, other than zero, is listed in the Pre Op column in the NPFS the line will not receive the flag.	Medicare	10/26/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	mM66	Modifier 66 is not present on procedure code <1>. The same procedure code with modifier 66 appended was reported by a different provider on claim ID <2> and line id <3>. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Team Surgeon Rule- Modifier 66 Under some circumstances, the individual skills of two or more surgeons are required to perform surgery on the same patient during the same operative session. This may be required because of the complex nature of the procedure(s) and/or the patient's condition. In these cases, the additional physicians are not acting as assistants-at-surgery. The following billing procedures apply when billing for a surgical procedure or procedures that required the use of two surgeons or a team of surgeons: If two surgeons (each in a different specialty) are required to perform a specific procedure, each surgeon bills for the procedure with a modifier "-62." Co-surgery also refers to surgical procedures involving two surgeons performing the parts of the procedure simultaneously, i.e., heart transplant or bilateral knee replacements. Documentation of the medical necessity for two surgeons is required for certain services identified in the MFSDB. (See §40.8.C.5.); If a team of surgeons (more than 2 surgeons of different specialties) is required to perform a specific procedure,	Medicare	10/26/2023	Professional

Rejection	mMAC	COVID-19 monoclonal antibody code <1> should be billed to Original Medicare for dates of service prior to 1/1/22. This claim has been rejected and will not be processed.	Medicare Monoclonal Antibody Codes For Medicare health plans, the CMS Medicare Administrative Contractor will reimburse claims for Medicare beneficiaries with no cost share (copayment, coinsurance or deductible) through 2021. Charges for monoclonal antibody infusions or injects should be submitted to Original Medicare and not a United Healthcare Medicare Advantage plan.	Medicare	11/16/2023	Professional
Rejection	mMACf	COVID-19 monoclonal antibody code <1> should be billed to Original Medicare for dates of service prior to 1/1/22. This claim has been rejected and will not be processed.	Medicare Monoclonal Antibody Codes For Medicare health plans, the CMS Medicare Administrative Contractor will reimburse claims for Medicare beneficiaries with no cost share (copayment, coinsurance or deductible) through 2021. Charges for monoclonal antibody infusions or injects should be submitted to Original Medicare and not a United Healthcare Medicare Advantage plan.	Medicare	11/16/2023	Institutional
Rejection	mMAT	Per Medicare guidelines, modifier AT is required when billing procedure code <1> for active treatment. Medicare does not pay for maintenance therapy. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Modifier AT For Chiropractic Services The mMAT edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) guidelines to identify when procedure codes 98940, 98941, and 98942 are billed without modifier AT (Acute Treatment) for chiropractic services. CMS MLN 1602 states, "The Active Treatment (AT) modifier defines the difference between active treatment and maintenance treatment. Effective October 1, 2004, the AT Modifier is required under Medicare billing to receive reimbursement for CPT codes 98940-98942. For Medicare purposes, the AT modifier is used only when chiropractors bill for active/corrective treatment (acute and chronic care). The policy requires the following: 1. Every chiropractic claim for 98940/98941/98942, with a date of service on or after October 1, 2004, should include the AT modifier if active/corrective treatment is being performed; and 2. The AT modifier should not be used if maintenance therapy is being performed. MACs deny chiropractic claims for 98940/98941/98942 with a	Medicare	7/27/2023	Professional
Rejection	mMOD	Per Medicare guidelines use of modifier <1> is not typical for procedure code <2>. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Modifier Code Not Typical for Procedure Code The mMOD edit validates whether the Modifier Codes on a claim line may be billed with the procedure code on the claim line, based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Modifiers that are covered by other Medicare rules and modifiers that do not have a specific national CMS source or a source that addresses specific codes that these modifiers should be appended to are excluded from this rule. All modifiers are validated to determine whether they may be billed with the procedure code on the claim line.	Medicare	3/23/2023	Professional
Return	mMSP	Per Medicare guidelines the diagnosis code(s) billed does not support the medical necessity of G0101.	Medicare Screening Pelvic Per Medicare guidelines the diagnosis code(s) billed does not support the medical necessity of G0101. Please update as applicable.	Medicare	10/26/2023	Professional
Rejection	mNC	Per Medicare guidelines, the HCPCS code or modifier billed is a non-covered HCPCS code or modifier. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Non Covered HCPCS Codes and Modifiers Rule The mNC edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) file to determine a non covered service code. This edit will fire on all claim lines containing HCPCS codes and HCPCS modifiers that have an indicator of "I", "M", or "S" in the coverage column of the HCPCS file. The record layout for the HCPCS file defines the indicator "I", "M", and "S" in the coverage column as follows: " I = Not payable by Medicare M = Non-covered by Medicare S = Non-covered by Medicare statute " The mNC edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that are non covered service codes under Medicare rules based on having been assigned the coverage indicator of "I", "M" or "S" in the coverage column of the HCPCS file.	Medicare	5/11/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	mNS	Procedure code <1> is not covered by Medicare. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Non-Covered Services The mNS edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) to determine a non covered service code. This edit will fire on all claim lines containing codes that have an indicator of "N" in the status indicator column of the NPFS. Attachment A of the NPFS defines the indicator "N" in the status indicator column as follows: "N - Non covered services. These services are not covered by Medicare." The mNS edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that are non covered service codes under Medicare rules based on having been assigned the indicator of "N" in the status indicator column of the NPFS.	Medicare	9/21/2023	Professional

Rejection	mNV	REJECT - Procedure code <1> is not valid for Medicare purposes. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Not Valid For Payment The mNV edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) to determine if a CPT® code is valid for Medicare purposes. This edit will fire on all claim lines containing codes that have an indicator of "I" in the status indicator column of the NPFS. Attachment A of the NPFS defines the indicator "I" in the status indicator column as follows: "I - Not valid for Medicare purposes. Medicare uses another code for reporting of, and payment for, these services. (Code NOT subject to a 90 day grace period.)" The mNV edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that are not valid for Medicare purposes based on having been assigned the indicator of "I" in the status indicator column of the NPFS.	Medicare	4/25/2024	Professional
Rejection	MODf	Use of modifier(s) <1> is not typical for procedure code <2>. Please update as applicable.	Modifier Not Appropriate The MODf edit identifies claim lines that contain a modifier that is not appropriate for the procedure code. Please refer to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) National Correct Coding Initiative Policy Manual, Chapter 1.	Medicare	4/27/2023	Institutional
Rejection	mORM	Ordering or Referring physician NPI is not found for service code <1>. Per CMS, physicians must be enrolled with a valid NPI. Please verify physician record and resubmit the claim with a valid NPI.	Ordering and Referring Physician Missing NPI CMS regulations require physicians or other eligible professionals to be enrolled or validly opted-out for the Medicare Program to order or refer items and services for Medicare beneficiaries. The submitted CPT code requires a valid NPI submitted in either the Ordering Provider NPI found in 2420E/NM109 or Line Level Referring Provider NPI found in 2420F/NM109 or Claim Level Referring Provider NPI found in 2310A/NM109. See the Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 26, Page 11 at cms.gov for more information about services that require an ordering/referring physician.	Medicare	11/16/2023	Professional
Rejection	mPC	Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> describes the physician work portion of a diagnostic test. Modifier 26 or TC on current line ID <2> is not appropriate. Please update as applicable.	Professional Component Only This edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) to determine if a procedure code is submitted with modifier 26 or TC inappropriately. This edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that have the modifier 26 or TC appended inappropriately. The concept of professional and technical components splits (PC/TC) does not apply since professional component only codes identified by the indicator of "2" in the PC/TC column of the NPFS cannot be split into professional and technical components under Medicare rules. Modifiers 26 and TC can not be used with these codes. If a provider bills a claim containing codes that have an indicator of "2" in the PC/TC column of the NPFS that are submitted with modifier 26 or TC appended then deny payment for procedure code because the submitted procedure cannot be split into professional and technical components per CMS guidelines. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Physician Fee Schedule National Physician Fee	Medicare	10/26/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	mPI	Per Medicare guidelines, Procedure Code <1> describes a physician interpretation for this service and is inappropriate in Place of Service <2>. Please update as applicable.	Physician Interpretation Only Policy The mPI edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that are billed with a place of service other than inpatient. The concept of professional and technical component splits (PC/TC) does not apply since these codes describe professional inpatient services. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) has designated place of service "21" as inpatient and it is the only recognized place of service designation when the PC/TC indicator is "8." All other place of service designations are inappropriate.	Medicare	3/23/2023	Professional

Rejection	mPS	Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> is inappropriate with Modifier TC. Performance of the test is paid under the lab fee schedule. Please update as applicable.	Physician Service Policy The mPS flag identifies the claim lines which have codes that describe physician services, PC/TC indicator is '0' and a 26 or TC modifier is present. The concept of professional and technical components splits (PC/TC) does not apply since physician services cannot be split into professional and technical components. Modifiers -26 (Professional), and TC (Technical) cannot be used with these codes.	Medicaid	10/12/2023	Professional
Return	mSE	Per Medicare guidelines the procedure code billed is an item or service that is excluded from the National Physician Fee Schedule by regulation. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Excluded from Physician Fee Schedule The 015MSEX edit is triggered when a claim is submitted and the sex code is missing on the claim. This is based on requirements from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual - Chapter 3, "Inpatient Hospital Billing" Section 20.2.1 - Medicare Code Editor - Supports this requirement. The manual states, "The sex code reported must be either 1 (male) or 2 (female)". The Medicare Code Editor (MCE) is consistent with CMS. The MCE Manual states, "The sex code reported must be either 1 (male) or 2 (female)".	Medicare	4/27/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Rejection	mSM	Per Medicare guidelines the procedure code billed is an item or service that Medicare considers a measurement code and is used for reporting purposes only. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Measurement Code The mSM edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) to identify CPT® codes with the indicator "M" in the Status Code column of the NPFS as measurement codes. These codes are only utilized for reporting purposes. Attachment A of the NPFS defines the indicator or "M" in the Status Code column as follows: "M = Measurement codes. Used for reporting purposes only." The mSM edit identifies items or services that have been identified as measurement codes per the NPFS.	Medicare	9/21/2023	Professional
Rejection	mTC	Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> describes only the technical portion of a service or diagnostic test. Modifier 26 or TC is not appropriate. Please update as applicable.	Technical Component Only Policy If the procedure code has modifier 26 or modifier TC on it and the Medicare MPFS PC/TC indicator for the procedure code = 3, then CES will generate this flag. If the procedure code has modifier 26 or modifier TC on it and the Medicare MPFS PC/TC indicator for the procedure code = 3, then CES will generate this flag. Please refer to the Professional/Technical Component reimbursement policy at UHCprovider.com.	Medicare	5/11/2023	Professional
Rejection	mTCH	REJECT - Per Medicare guidelines, procedure code <1> describes a diagnostic procedure that is not eligible for separate reimbursement in place of service <2>. Please update as applicable.	Technical Component in Hospital The edit identifies claim lines that contain procedure codes identified by the indicator of "3" in the PC/TC column of the CMS Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS) and are submitted inappropriately with an inpatient or outpatient hospital place of service code in the system list Diagnostic Tests POS Codes. Following the MPFS and the Code of Federal Regulations, the technical component for diagnostic services provided under arrangement to hospital patients are only billable by the hospital. The MPFS assigns the indicator of "3" in the PC/TC column for codes that represent only the technical component of a service. The professional component cannot be reimbursed using these procedure codes. Attachment A of the MPFS defines the indicator "3" in the PC/TC column as follows: "3 = Technical Component Only Codes--This indicator identifies stand- alone codes that	Medicare	5/16/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type

Return	mTS	Per Medicare guidelines, team surgery is not permitted for procedure code <1>. Please update as applicable.	Medicare Team Surgeons Not Allowed If the claim is for a team surgery and the procedure code indicates that team surgery is not permitted, CES will generate this flag. This is based on the TEAM SURG = 0 on the CMS National Fee Schedule.	Medicare	1/18/2024	Professional
Rejection	NPD	Diagnosis code <1> describes an external cause or requires the diagnosis code for the first underlying disease, and should never be listed as the primary diagnosis for a procedure. Please update as applicable.	Not A Primary Diagnosis Code The NPD edit identifies codes that are not recommended for reporting alone or as a primary diagnosis (i.e., sequenced first). Please refer to ICD- 10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting at https://www.cms.gov/medicare/icd-10/2022-icd-10-cm and American Hospital Association (AHA) Coding Clinic guidelines.	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Professional
Rejection	NPM	Per Medicare guidelines, modifier <> is a nonpayable modifier. Please update as applicable.	NonPayable Modifiers According to the definition of the modifier, the code billed with the modifier is not payable. Please refer to the CMS HCPCS Release Code Sets quarterly update at https://www.cms.gov/medicare/coverage/diagnostics/releasestats/2023-releasestats	Medicare	11/9/2023	Professional
Rejection	NPMf	Per Medicare guidelines, modifier <> is a nonpayable modifier. Please update as applicable.	NonPayable Modifiers According to the definition of the modifier, the code billed with the modifier is not payable. Please refer to the CMS HCPCS Release Code Sets quarterly update at https://www.cms.gov/medicare/coverage/diagnostics/releasestats/2023-releasestats	Medicare	11/9/2023	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective	Claim
Rejection	OPINF	The date of service of this outpatient service falls with an inpatient confinement for this member. Please update as applicable.	Outpatient During Inpatient Confinement Out-Patient claim dates are falling within date span of inpatient confinement. Services performed in an inpatient setting should not be submitted separately as outpatient services.	Medicare	1/11/2024	Institutional
Return	OUEdf	Codes Q4081 and J0882 must be submitted with code G0257. Please update as applicable.	EPO and Aransep Should Not Be Submitted Without HCPCS Code G0257 The OUEdf edit will fire on a line with HCPCS J0882 or Q4081 and the Type of Bill is 013X or 085X and HCPCS G0257 is not submitted on the same claim. This is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 8, Sections 60.4.3.2 - Epoetin Alfa (EPO) Provided in the Hospital Outpatient Department, and Section 60.7.3.2 - Payment for Darbepoetin Alfa (Aranesp) in the Hospital Outpatient Department state when ESRD patients come to the hospital for an unscheduled or emergency dialysis treatment they may also require the administration of EPO and Aransep. Hospitals use type of bill 13X (or 85X for Critical Access Hospitals) and report charges under the respective revenue code. The CMS Transmittal R1503CP, dated May 16, 2008 states the definition for HCPCS code G0257 is as follows: Unscheduled or emergency dialysis treatment for an ESRD patient in a hospital outpatient department that is not certified as an ESRD facility. Medicare allows for reimbursement of ESRD-related EPO and Aransep provided during an unscheduled or emergency dialysis treatment in the outpatient hospital setting. It contains requirements that state Medicare contractors shall only make payment for ESRD-related EPO or Aransep in the outpatient hospital setting (13x and 85x bill types) and when HCPCS code G0257 appears on the same claim for dates of service on or after October 1, 2008. In addition, claims will be returned to the provider when outpatient hospital claims contain ESRD-related EPO or Aransep and HCPCS code G0257 does not appear on the	Medicare	10/26/2023	Institutional

Rejection	PDIf	Principal ICD-10 diagnosis N18.6 is required on all 072X ESRD claims. Please update as applicable.	Principal Diagnosis Required for End Stage Renal Disease - ICD-10 The PDIf edit will fire on an ESRD claim with Type of Bill (TOB) 072X with a principal diagnosis code other than 585.6 (ICD-9) or N18.6 (ICD-10) End Stage Renal Disease. This is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 8 - Section 50.3 - Required Information for In-Facility Claims Paid Under the Composite Rate and the ESRD PPS states that the principal diagnosis code for hospital-based and independent renal facilities must include a diagnosis of end stage renal disease. In summary, PDIf will fire when an ESRD claim is submitted with TOB 072X without diagnosis code 585.6 or	Medicare	5/11/2023	Institutional
Rejection	PDO	The ICD-10-CM code <1> may only be used as first-listed or primary diagnosis position. Please update as applicable.	ICD-10-CM Primary Diagnosis Only Per ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting certain Z codes/categories may only be reported as the principal/first-listed diagnosis, except when there are multiple encounters on the same day and the medical records for the encounters are combined. Please refer to ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for	Medicare	4/6/2023	Professional
Return	POAf	The Present on Admission (POA) indicator <1> is invalid. Please update as applicable.	Invalid Present on Admission (POA) Indicator POAf edit is triggered when an inpatient claim contains an invalid Present on Admission (POA) indicator. CMS POA Indicator Options and Definitions CodeReason for Code YDiagnosis was present at time of inpatient admission. CMS will pay the CC/MCC DRG for those selected HACs that are coded as "Y" for the POA Indicator. NDiagnosis was not present at time of inpatient admission. CMS will not pay the CC/MCC DRG for those selected HACs that are coded as "N" for the POA Indicator. UDocumentation insufficient to determine if the condition was present at the time of inpatient admission. CMS will not pay the CC/MCC DRG for those selected HACs that are coded as "U" for the POA Indicator. WClinically undetermined. Provider unable to clinically determine whether the condition was present at the time of inpatient admission. CMS will pay the CC/MCC DRG for those selected HACs that are coded as "W" for the POA Indicator. 1Unreported/Not used. Exempt from POA reporting. This code is equivalent to a blank on the UB-04, however; it was determined that blanks are undesirable when submitting this data via the 4010A. CMS will not pay the CC/MCC DRG for those selected HACs that are coded as "1" for the POA Indicator. The "1" POA Indicator should not be applied to any codes on the HAC list. General Reporting Requirements This list provides some POA general reporting requirements: • Include the POA indicator on all claims that involve Medicare inpatient admissions to general IPPS acute care hospitals or other facilities, and you are subject to a law or regulation that mandates the collection of POA indicator information. • POA is defined as being present at the time the order for inpatient admission occurs. Conditions that develop during an outpatient encounter (including emergency department, observation, or outpatient surgery) are considered POA.	Medicare	5/16/2024	Institutional
Informational	RCT	Modifier Q1 indicates a routine clinical trial. The National Clinical Trial ID was not sent in loop 2300, REF02 with a P4 qualifier in REF01. Original Medicare COB data is also missing. Please update as applicable.	Routine Clinical Trial In order to adjudicate Clinical Trial claims, the Medicare EOB and/or clinical number is required. Please refer to NCD 310.1 Routine Costs in Clinical Trials and Medicare Managed Care Manual Chapter 4 section 10.7. for additional information.	Medicare	5/16/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Informational	RCTf	Modifier Q1 indicates a routine clinical trial. The National Clinical Trial ID was not sent in loop 2300, REF02 with a P4 qualifier in REF01. Original Medicare COB data is also missing. Please update as applicable.	Routine Clinical Trial In order to adjudicate Clinical Trial claims, the Medicare EOB and/or clinical number is required. Please refer to NCD 310.1 Routine Costs in Clinical Trials and Medicare Managed Care Manual Chapter 4 section 10.7. for additional information.	Medicare	5/16/2024	Institutional
Rejection	ROAM	Per Medicare guidelines, HCPCS code <1> must be billed with either modifier JA or JB. Please update as applicable.	Route of Administration Modifier The use of the JA and JB modifiers is required for drugs which have one HCPCS Level II (J or Q) code but multiple routes of administration. Drugs that fall under this category must be billed with JA Modifier for the intravenous infusion of the drug or billed with	Medicare	11/9/2023	Professional
Rejection	ROAMf	Per Medicare guidelines, HCPCS code <1> must be billed with either modifier JA or JB. Please update as applicable.	Route of Administration Modifier The use of the JA and JB modifiers is required for drugs which have one HCPCS Level II (J or Q) code but multiple routes of administration. Drugs that fall under this category must be billed with JA Modifier for the intravenous infusion of the drug or billed with	Medicare	11/9/2023	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type

Return	sAG	Per Medicaid guidelines, the patient's age does not meet policy requirements for the procedure code and/or a diagnosis code. Please update as applicable.	Vaccines Free From DOH - Age Restriction The sAG edit uses Medicaid policies and guidelines to identify claim lines when the patient's age does not meet policy requirements for a procedure code and/or a diagnosis code. Optum bases coding relationships and edits on guidelines from generally accepted third-party industry sources such as the American Medical Association (AMA), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), published ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting and specialty specific coding rules, when these rules and/or guidelines are available. Individual states establish and administer their own Medicaid programs and determine the type, amount, duration and scope of services within broad federal guidelines. For example, a code may have a specified maximum age limit benefit of eighteen years old. If a claim is submitted for a patient that is over eighteen years old, the sAG edit will fire. The sAG edit will identify Medicaid claim lines when the patient's age does not meet policy requirements for a procedure code and/or a diagnosis code.	Medicaid	3/14/2024	Professional
Rejection	sANM	Per Medicaid guidelines, anesthesia code <1> on claim line ID <2> requires an appropriate modifier. Please update as applicable.	Medicaid Anesthesia Modifiers All anesthesia codes in the range of 00100 – 01999 are included with the exception of code 01996 (Daily hospital management of epidural or subarachnoid continuous drug administration). Category II and category III codes are excluded as well. The required modifiers indicate the conditions under which the service was rendered, and this edit will fire on all claim lines that contain anesthesia codes submitted without modifier AA, AD, QK, QX, QY, or QZ. Physicians must append the appropriate anesthesia modifier to denote whether the service was personally performed, medically directed, or medically supervised; payment for the	Medicaid	11/30/2023	Professional
Return	sB50	Per Medicaid guidelines, a bilateral procedure code <1> submitted with modifier 50 and billed with more than 1 unit of service is inappropriate. Please update as applicable.	Bilateral Modifier 50 Billed With More than 1 Unit The edit identifies claim lines that contain a procedure code with modifier 50 appended and billed with more than 1 unit of service. These codes are identified by indicators "1" or "3" in the bilateral column of the MPFS. "Modifier 50 applies to bilateral procedures performed on both sides of the body during the same operative session. When a procedure is identified by the terminology as bilateral or unilateral, the 50 modifier is not reported. If a procedure is authorized for the 150 percent payment adjustment for bilateral procedures (payment policy indicator 1), the procedure shall be reported on a single line item with the 50 modifier and one service unit. Whenever the 50 modifier is appended, the	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Professional
Return	sBUN	Per Medicaid guidelines, payment for this procedure code is always bundled into payment for other services not specified; no separate payment is made. Please update as applicable.	Physician-Related or Professional Healthcare - Bundled Services The sBUN edit uses Medicaid policies and guidelines to identify claim lines that report procedures and/or services that are inherently bundled into another procedure rendered on the same date of service. Optum bases coding relationships and edits on guidelines from generally accepted third-party industry sources such as the American Medical Association (AMA), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), published ICD-10 Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting and specialty-specific coding rules when these rules and/or guidelines are available. Individual states establish and administer their own Medicaid programs and determine the type, amount, duration and scope of services within broad federal guidelines. This edit will use scenarios disclosed in a state's Medicaid manual that indicates that a specified or unspecified procedure and/or service is considered bundled or incidental to another procedure and/or service rendered on the same date of service. The sBUN edit will identify Medicaid claim lines that report a procedure and/or service that is bundled or incidental to another procedure and/or service	Medicaid	10/12/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective	Claim
Return	sCC	Per Medicaid guidelines, an additional procedure code is needed to meet policy requirements. Please update as applicable.	Oral Anti-Emetic Drugs With Chemotherapy The sCC edit uses Medicaid policies and guidelines to identify Medicaid claim lines that do not meet code-to-code policy requirements. Optum bases coding relationships and edits on guidelines from generally accepted third-party industry sources such as the American Medical Association (AMA), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), published ICD-10 Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting and specialty-specific coding rules when these rules and/or guidelines are available. Individual states establish and administer their own Medicaid programs and determine the type, amount, duration and scope of services within broad federal guidelines. For example, Medicaid policy may state "For billing, use HCPCS code J2430 (injection, pamidronate disodium, per 30 mg). Pamidronate must be billed in conjunction with CPT-4 codes 96365 (intravenous infusion for therapy prophylaxis or diagnosis; initial, up to one hour) and 96366." The sCC edit identifies Medicaid claim lines when a code-to-code policy requirement is not	Medicaid	6/6/2024	Professional
Return	sCO	Per Medicaid guidelines, billing for co-surgeons is not permitted for procedure code <1>. Please update as applicable	Co-Surgeons Not Permitted Procedure The edit identifies claim lines that contain procedure codes with modifier 62 appended inappropriately under CMS guidelines. CMS has designated codes that are identified by the indicator of "0" in the co-surgeon column of the NPFS as ineligible for modifier 62. The NPFS defines the indicator "0" in the co-surgery column as follows: "0=Co-Surgeons not	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Professional
Rejection	sDT	Per Medicaid guidelines, procedure code <1> describes a diagnostic procedure that requires a professional component modifier in place of service <2>. Please update as applicable.	Diagnostic Test in Hospital The edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that do not have the modifier 26 appended appropriately when submitted with a place of service of inpatient hospital, outpatient hospital, or skilled nursing facility under CMS guidelines. The concept of professional and technical component splits (PC/TC) does apply to these codes that are identified by the indicator of "1" in the PC/TC column of the NPFS. When billing these services in an inpatient hospital, outpatient hospital, or skilled nursing facility, only the professional component should be billed by the physician. Billing of the technical component is inappropriate by the physician as the facility should be responsible for submitting it. Modifiers 26 and TC can be used with these codes. Attachment A of the NPFS defines the indicator "1" in the PC/TC column as follows: "1 = Diagnostic Tests for Radiology Services--Identifies codes that describe diagnostic tests. Examples are pulmonary function tests or therapeutic radiology procedures, e.g., radiation therapy. These codes have both a professional and technical component. Modifiers 26 and TC can be used with these codes. The total RVUs for codes reported with a 26 modifier include values for physician work, practice expense, and malpractice expense. The total RVUs for codes reported with a TC modifier include values for practice expense and malpractice expense only. The total RVUs for codes reported without a modifier include	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Professional

Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	sGT	Per Medicaid guidelines, modifier <1> is inappropriately appended to procedure code <2>. Please update as applicable.	<p>Global Test Only Rule</p> <p>This edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that have the modifier 26 or TC appended inappropriately. The concept of professional and technical component splits (PC/TC) does not apply since global test only codes identified by the indicator of "4" in the PC/TC column of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) cannot be split into professional and technical components under CMS rules. Modifier 26 and TC cannot be used with these codes.</p> <p>The CMS NPFS PCTC indicator "4" is defined as follows:</p> <p>"4 = Global Test Only Codes--This indicator identifies stand-alone codes that describe selected diagnostic tests for which there are associated codes that describe (a) the professional component of the test only, and (b) the technical component of the test only. Modifiers 26 and TC cannot be used with these codes. The total RVUs for global procedure only codes include values for physician work, practice expense, and malpractice expense. The total RVUs for global procedure only codes equals the sum of the total RVUs for the</p>	Medicaid	4/18/2024	Professional
Rejection	SICCL	CLIA ID <1> does not meet the certification level for procedure code <2>. Please update as applicable.	<p>CLIA Servicing Provider Certification Level</p> <p>The lab certification level must support the billed service code. Laboratory service providers who do not meet the reporting requirements and/or do not have the appropriate level of CLIA certification for the services reported will not be reimbursed. If the code is under waiver a modifier will be required. Please update as</p>	Medicare	5/25/2023	Professional
Return	sIM	Per Medicaid guidelines, modifier <1> is not appropriate for procedure code <2>. Please update as applicable.	<p>Medicaid Inappropriate Modifier - Co-Surgeon</p> <p>This edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) to determine whether a procedure code billed on a Medicaid claim is submitted with an inappropriate modifier. This edit identifies claims submitted with modifier 62 with an NPFS Co-Surgeon indicator of "0"</p>	Medicaid	5/2/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type
Return	SIP	Sequential intravenous push code 96376 reported on Claim ID <1>, Line ID <2> may only be reported by facilities. This service is not to be reported on a professional claim. Please update as applicable.	<p>Sequential Intravenous Push Reported by a Physician</p> <p>Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®) code 96376 may not be reported on a professional claim. This code is to be reported by a facility only. The CPT codebook states, "96376 may be reported by facilities only." The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Transmittal 2636 states, "96376 - may be reported by facilities only."</p>	Medicare	10/26/2023	Professional
Return	sLP	Per Medicaid guidelines, procedure code <1> is inappropriate with Modifier TC. Performance of the test is paid under the lab fee schedule. Please update as applicable.	<p>Laboratory Physician Interpretation</p> <p>The sLP edit uses the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) to determine eligibility of a CPT® code to be split into professional and technical components. This edit will fire on all claim lines containing codes that have an indicator of "6" or "8" in the PC/TC column of the NPFS that are submitted with modifier TC appended.</p> <p>The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 23 - Fee Schedule Administration and Coding Requirements, 50.6 - Physician Fee Schedule Payment Policy Indicator File Record Layout, defines the indicator "6" and "8" in the PC/TC column as follows:</p> <p>"6 = Laboratory Physician Interpretation Codes--This indicator identifies clinical laboratory codes for which separate payment for interpretations by laboratory physicians may be made. Actual performance of the test is paid for under the lab fee schedule. Modifier TC cannot be used with these codes. The total RVUs for laboratory physician interpretation codes include values for physician work, practice expense and malpractice expense."</p> <p>"8 = Physician interpretation codes: This indicator identifies the professional component of clinical laboratory codes for which separate payment may be made only if the physician interprets an abnormal smear for hospital inpatient. This applies only to code 85060. No TC billing is recognized because payment for the underlying clinical laboratory test is made to the hospital, generally through the PPS rate.</p> <p>No payment is recognized for code 85060 furnished to hospital outpatients or non-hospital patients. The physician interpretation is paid through the clinical laboratory fee schedule payment for the clinical laboratory test."</p>	Medicaid	4/18/2024	Professional
Rejection	sLTH	REJECT - Per Medicaid guidelines, procedure code <1> describes a laboratory procedure that is not eligible for separate reimbursement in place of service <2>. Please update as applicable.	<p>Laboratory Testing in Hospital</p> <p>The edit identifies claim lines that contain laboratory codes identified by the indicator of "9" in the PC/TC column of the CMS Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS), are also within the CPT code range of 80047 through 89398 or on the Clinical Laboratory Fee Schedule, and are submitted inappropriately with an inpatient hospital or outpatient hospital place of service code in the system list Diagnostic Test POS Codes. Following the MPFS and the Code of Federal Regulations, laboratory services provided under arrangement to hospital patients are only billable by the hospital.</p> <p>Attachment A of the MPFS defines the indicator 9 in the PC/TC column as follows:</p> <p>"9 = Not Applicable--Concept of a professional/technical component does not apply"</p> <p>The edit excludes Advanced Diagnostic Laboratory Tests (ADLTs) and molecular pathology tests with an outpatient hospital place of service code. The CMS Laboratory Date of Service (DOS) Policy excludes these tests from OPPS packaging when performed after discharge and all requirements from the policy are met. The CMS Laboratory DOS policy allows three exceptions from the rule, if all policy requirements are met, that the date of service must be the date the specimen is collected: Tests performed on stored specimens 14 days or more after discharge; Chemotherapy Sensitivity Tests performed on live tissue 14 days or more after discharge; Advanced Diagnostic Laboratory Tests and Molecular Pathology Tests</p>	Medicaid	5/16/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type

Return	sMN	Per Medicaid guidelines, a diagnosis code which meets medical necessity is missing or invalid for procedure code <1> on Claim ID <2>, Line ID <3>. Please update as applicable.	<p>HIV/AIDS Case Management requires HIV or AIDS Codes</p> <p>The sMN edit uses state Medicaid policies and guidelines to identify claim lines that contain a diagnosis code that does not meet medical necessity.</p> <p>Optum bases coding relationships and edits on guidelines from generally accepted third-party industry sources such as the American Medical Association (AMA), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), published ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting and specialty specific coding rules, when these rules and/or guidelines are available. Individual states establish and administer their own Medicaid programs and determine the type, amount, duration and scope of services within broad federal guidelines.</p> <p>The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services defines medical necessity as services that are: "Reasonable and necessary, for the diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member, and not excluded under another provision of the Medicare Program". Per CMS Policy, if the diagnoses provided do not support medical necessity, the items or services will be denied.</p> <p>The sMN edit will identify Medicaid claim lines that do not contain a valid diagnosis code that meets medical necessity as defined by Medicaid policy.</p>	Medicaid	7/11/2024	Professional
Return	sMN	Per Medicaid guidelines, a diagnosis code which meets medical necessity is missing or invalid for procedure code <1> on Claim ID <2>, Line ID <3>. Please update as applicable.	<p>HIV/AIDS Case Management-Program Intake Assessment T1023</p> <p>The sMN edit uses state Medicaid policies and guidelines to identify claim lines that contain a diagnosis code that does not meet medical necessity.</p> <p>Optum bases coding relationships and edits on guidelines from generally accepted third-party industry sources such as the American Medical Association (AMA), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), published ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting and specialty specific coding rules, when these rules and/or guidelines are available. Individual states establish and administer their own Medicaid programs and determine the type, amount, duration and scope of services within broad federal guidelines.</p> <p>The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services defines medical necessity as services that are: "Reasonable and necessary, for the diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member, and not excluded under another provision of the Medicare Program". Per CMS Policy, if the diagnoses provided do not support medical necessity, the items or services will be denied.</p> <p>The sMN edit will identify Medicaid claim lines that do not contain a valid diagnosis code that meets medical necessity as defined by Medicaid policy.</p>	Medicaid	7/11/2024	Professional
Return	sNP	Per Medicaid guidelines, procedure code <1> does not typically require performance by a physician in place of service <2>. Please update as applicable.	<p>Medicaid Non-Physician Service</p> <p>The sNP edit uses the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS) to determine eligibility of a CPT® code to be covered under incident to guidelines. The edit will fire on all Medicaid claim lines containing codes that have an indicator of "5" in the PC/TC column of the MPFS that are submitted with a location of skilled nursing facility, hospital inpatient or hospital outpatient.</p> <p>Attachment A of the MPFS defines the indicator "5" in the PC/TC column as follows:</p> <p>"5 = Incident To Codes -This indicator identifies codes that describe services covered incident to a physician's service when they are provided by auxiliary personnel employed by the physician and working under his or her direct personal supervision. Payment may not be made by carriers for these services when they are provided to hospital inpatients or patients in a hospital outpatient department. Modifiers 26 and TC cannot be used with these codes."</p> <p>The sNP edit identifies Medicaid claim lines that contain codes that represent services submitted under incident to guidelines with an inappropriate place of service. Following MPFS and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' guidelines, codes that have a PC/TC indicator of "5" will not be eligible for payment if the service was provided by auxiliary personnel under physician supervision and done in a skilled nursing facility, hospital inpatient or hospital outpatient.</p>	Medicaid	7/11/2024	Professional
Return	sNS	Per Medicaid guidelines, this procedure is considered a non-covered service. Please update as applicable.	<p>Anesthesia Services with Modifier 47 - Non-Covered</p> <p>The sNS edit uses Medicaid policies and guidelines to identify claim lines that contain codes specified as "non-covered services".</p> <p>Optum bases coding relationships and edits on guidelines from generally accepted third-party industry sources such as the American Medical Association (AMA), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), published ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting and specialty specific coding rules, when these rules and/or guidelines are available. Individual states establish and administer their own Medicaid programs and determine the type, amount, duration and scope of services within broad federal guidelines.</p> <p>For example, a policy may state, "The following are Non-Covered Services: 0314T - Laparoscopic removal of vagal trunk neurostimulator electrode array and pulse generator, 0315T Removal of pulse generator."</p> <p>The sNS edit identifies Medicaid claim lines that contain codes specified as "non-covered services".</p>	Medicaid	4/18/2024	Professional
Rejection	sPI	Per Medicaid guidelines, procedure code <1> describes a physician interpretation for a service and is not appropriate in place of service <2>. Please update as applicable.	<p>Physician Interpretation Only Policy</p> <p>This edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that are billed with a place of service other than inpatient. The concept of professional and technical component splits (PC/TC) does not apply since these codes describe professional inpatient services. CMS has designated place of service "21" as inpatient and it is the only recognized place of service designation when the PC/TC indicator is "8." All other place of</p>	Medicaid	12/14/2023	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective Date	Claim Type

Return	sRM	Per Medicaid guidelines, the required modifier is missing or the modifier is inappropriate for the procedure code. Please update as applicable.	<p>HIV/AIDS Case Management requires modifier</p> <p>The sRM edit uses Medicaid policies and guidelines to identify claim lines that include a CPT® or HCPCS procedure code that is missing the required modifier or the modifier is inappropriate for the code.</p> <p>Optum bases coding relationships and edits on guidelines from generally accepted third-party industry sources such as the American Medical Association (AMA), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), published ICD-9-CM or ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting and specialty specific coding rules, when these rules and/or guidelines are available. Individual states establish and administer their own Medicaid programs and determine the type, amount, duration and scope of services within broad federal guidelines.</p> <p>The AMA CPT Manual and the Medicaid NCCI program define modifiers that may be appended to HCPCS/CPT codes to provide additional information about the services rendered. Modifiers consist of two characters which can be alpha, numeric or alphanumeric.</p> <p>Modifiers may be appended to HCPCS/CPT codes only if the clinical circumstances justify the use of the modifier. A modifier should not be appended to a HCPCS/CPT code solely to bypass an edit if the clinical circumstances do not justify its use.</p> <p>The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) internet policy for HCPCS modifier code guidelines states, "A modifier provides the means by which the reporting physician or provider can indicate that a service or procedure that has been performed has been altered by some specific circumstance but not changed in its definition or code."</p> <p>The sRM edit identifies Medicaid claim lines that are missing the required modifier or the</p>	Medicaid	7/11/2024	Professional
Return	sRM	Per Medicaid guidelines, the required modifier is missing or the modifier is inappropriate for the procedure code. Please update as applicable.	<p>Ambulance Modifiers Requirement</p> <p>The sRM edit uses Medicaid policies and guidelines to identify claim lines that include a CPT® or HCPCS procedure code that is missing the required modifier or the modifier is inappropriate for the code.</p> <p>Optum bases coding relationships and edits on guidelines from generally accepted third-party industry sources such as the American Medical Association (AMA), the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), published ICD-9-CM or ICD-10-CM Official Guidelines for Coding and Reporting and specialty specific coding rules, when these rules and/or guidelines are available. Individual states establish and administer their own Medicaid programs and determine the type, amount, duration and scope of services within broad federal guidelines.</p> <p>The AMA CPT Manual and the Medicaid NCCI program define modifiers that may be appended to HCPCS/CPT codes to provide additional information about the services rendered. Modifiers consist of two characters which can be alpha, numeric or alphanumeric.</p> <p>Modifiers may be appended to HCPCS/CPT codes only if the clinical circumstances justify the use of the modifier. A modifier should not be appended to a HCPCS/CPT code solely to bypass an edit if the clinical circumstances do not justify its use.</p> <p>The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) internet policy for HCPCS modifier code guidelines states, "A modifier provides the means by which the reporting physician or provider can indicate that a service or procedure that has been performed has been altered by some specific circumstance but not changed in its definition or code."</p> <p>The sRM edit identifies Medicaid claim lines that are missing the required modifier or the</p>	Medicaid	7/11/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective	Claim
Rejection	sTC	Per Medicaid guidelines, procedure code <1> describes only the technical portion of a service or diagnostic test. Modifier 26 or TC is not appropriate. Please update as applicable.	<p>Technical Component Only Policy</p> <p>This edit identifies claim lines that contain codes that have the modifier 26 or TC appended inappropriately. The concept of professional and technical components splits (PC/TC) does not apply since technical component only codes identified by the indicator of "3" in the PC/TC column of the NPFS cannot be split into professional and technical components under Medicare rules. Modifiers 26 and TC cannot be used with these codes. If a provider bills a claim containing codes that have an indicator of "3" in the PC/TC column of the NPFS that are submitted with modifier 26 or TC appended then deny payment for procedure code because the submitted procedure cannot be split into professional and technical components per CMS and Medicaid</p>	Medicaid	11/30/2023	Professional
Rejection	stCH	REJECT - Per Medicaid guidelines, procedure code <1> describes a diagnostic procedure that is not eligible for separate reimbursement in place of service <2>. Please update as applicable.	<p>Technical Component in Hospital</p> <p>The edit identifies claim lines that contain procedure codes identified by the indicator of "3" in the PC/TC column of the CMS Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS) and are submitted inappropriately with an inpatient or outpatient hospital place of service code in the system list Diagnostic Tests POS Codes. Following the MPFS and the Code of Federal Regulations, the technical component for diagnostic services provided under arrangement to hospital patients are only billable by the hospital. The MPFS assigns the indicator of "3" in the PC/TC column for codes that represent only the technical component of a service. The professional component cannot be reimbursed using these procedure codes.</p> <p>Attachment A of the MPFS defines the indicator "3" in the PC/TC column as follows:</p> <p>"3 = Technical Component Only Codes--This indicator identifies stand- alone codes that describe the technical component (i.e., staff and equipment costs) of selected diagnostic tests for which there is an associated code that describes the professional component of the diagnostic test only. An example of a technical component only code is CPT code 93005-- Electrocardiogram; Tracing Only, without interpretation and report. It also identifies codes that are covered only as diagnostic tests and therefore do not have a related professional code. Modifiers 26 and TC cannot be used with these codes. The total RVUs for technical</p>	Medicaid	5/16/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective	Claim

Return	sTS	Per Medicaid guidelines, team surgery is not permitted for procedure code <1>. Please update as applicable.	Team Surgeons Not Permitted This edit utilizes the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services' (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) to determine eligibility of a CPT® code for the team surgery modifier 66. This edit will fire on all claim lines containing codes that have an indicator of "0" in the team surgery column of the NPFS that are submitted with modifier 66 appended inappropriately. CMS and Medicaid has designated codes that are identified by the indicator of "0" in the team surgery column of the NPFS as ineligible for modifier 66. If a provider submits a procedure code that have an indicator of "0" in the team surgeon column of the NPFS, with modifier 66 improperly attached, then payment will be denied per CMS and	Medicaid	4/25/2024	Professional
Return	TOBf	The type of bill code is invalid. Please update as applicable.	Missing or Invalid Type of Bill - Outpatient The TOBf edit will identify a claim that is submitted with a Type of Bill that is invalid or missing. The first and second positions identify the Type of Facility and Classification; the third position contains an indicator identifying the Frequency of Bill. Not all frequency codes are applicable to all types of facilities. This is based on requirements from the National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) and The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 25 Completing and Processing the Form CMS-1450 Data Set, Section 75.1 Form Locators 1-15 is consistent with this requirement and states that Field Locator 04 is required to identify three specific pieces of information which are the type of facility, the type of care and the sequence of the bill in the particular episode of care also referred to as a "frequency" code. The Official UB-04 Data Specifications Manual defines the Type of Bill as "A code indicating the specific type of bill (e.g., hospital inpatient, outpatient, replacements, voids, etc.)." Field Locator 04 is a required field for the UB-04 claim. The usage requirements of many data elements are based on this designation. In addition, it also states that patient discharge status code 30 (still patient) is used when a patient is still within the same facility, typically	Medicaid	5/9/2024	Institutional
Return	TOBf	The type of bill code is invalid or missing. Please update as applicable.	Missing or Invalid Type of Bill -Outpatient The TOBf edit will identify a claim that is submitted with a Type of Bill that is invalid or missing. The first and second positions identify the Type of Facility and Classification; the third position contains an indicator identifying the Frequency of Bill. Not all frequency codes are applicable to all types of facilities. This is based on requirements from the National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) and The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 25 Completing and Processing the Form CMS-1450 Data Set, Section 75.1 Form Locators 1-15 is consistent with this requirement and states that Field Locator 04 is required to identify three specific pieces of information which are the type of facility, the type of care and the sequence of the bill in the particular episode of care also referred to as a "frequency" code. The Official UB-04 Data Specifications Manual defines the Type of Bill as "A code indicating the specific type of bill (e.g., hospital inpatient, outpatient, replacements, voids, etc.)." Field Locator 04 is a required field for the UB-04 claim. The usage requirements of many data elements are based on this designation. In addition, it also states that patient discharge status code 30 (still patient) is used when a patient is still within the same facility, typically	Medicaid	5/9/2024	Institutional
Return	TOBf	The type of bill code is invalid or missing. Please update as applicable.	Missing or Invalid Type of Bill - Inpatient The TOBf edit will identify a claim that is submitted with a Type of Bill that is invalid or missing. The first and second positions identify the Type of Facility and Classification; the third position contains an indicator identifying the Frequency of Bill. Not all frequency codes are applicable to all types of facilities. This is based on requirements from the National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) and The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 25 Completing and Processing the Form CMS-1450 Data Set, Section 75.1 Form Locators 1-15 is consistent with this requirement and states that Field Locator 04 is required to identify three specific pieces of information which are the type of facility, the type of care and the sequence of the bill in the particular episode of care also referred to as a "frequency" code. The Official UB-04 Data Specifications Manual defines the Type of Bill as "A code indicating the specific type of bill (e.g., hospital inpatient, outpatient, replacements, voids, etc.)." Field Locator 04 is a required field for the UB-04 claim. The usage requirements of many data elements are based on this designation. In addition, it also states that patient discharge status code 30 (still patient) is used when a patient is still within the same facility, typically	Medicaid	5/9/2024	Institutional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective	Claim
Rejection	TRCf	REJECT - A therapy service revenue code requires a therapy service modifier. Please update as applicable.	Therapy Service Revenue Code Requires Therapy Service Modifier The appropriate types of bill for submitting outpatient rehabilitation services are: 12X, 13X, 22X, 23X, 74X, 75X, and 85X. The therapy modifiers (GN, GO, GP) refer only to services provided under plans of care for physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech-language pathology services Therapy modifiers must always be present with revenue codes 042X, 043X, or 044X for all claims <input type="checkbox"/> Effective for date of service on or after April 1, 2011, Medicare created an edit to ensure that the therapy modifiers are present based on revenue codes 042X, 043X, or 044X. Claims containing revenue codes 042X, 043X, or 044X without a therapy modifier GN, GO, or GP are returned to the provider. Additionally to ensure that revenue codes and modifiers are reported in the following combinations: •Revenue code 42X (physical therapy) lines may only contain modifier GP •Revenue code 43X (occupational therapy) lines may only contain modifier GO •Revenue code 44X (speech-language pathology) lines may only contain modifier GN The claim is returned to the provider that contains lines with any other combinations of these	Medicare	5/23/2024	Institutional

Rejection	TSMf	REJECT - Therapy service modifier requires therapy service revenue code. Please update as applicable.	<p>Therapy Service Modifier Requires Therapy Service Revenue Code</p> <p>The appropriate types of bill for submitting outpatient rehabilitation services are: 12X, 13X, 22X, 23X, 74X, 75X, and 85X.</p> <p>The therapy modifiers (GN, GO, GP) refer only to services provided under plans of care for physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech-language pathology services</p> <p>Therapy modifiers must always be present with revenue codes 042X, 043X, or 044X</p> <p>□</p> <p>They should never be used with codes that are not on the list of applicable therapy services, (i.e. respiratory therapy services, or nutrition therapy services)</p> <p>Effective for date of service on or after April 1, 2011, Medicare created an edit to ensure that the therapy modifiers are present based on revenue codes 042X, 043X, or 044X. Claims containing revenue codes 042X, 043X, or 044X without a therapy modifier GN, GO, or GP are returned to the provider. Additionally to ensure that revenue codes and modifiers are reported in the following combinations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Revenue code 42X (physical therapy) lines may only contain modifier GP •Revenue code 43X (occupational therapy) lines may only contain modifier GO •Revenue code 44X (speech-language pathology) lines may only contain modifier GN 	Medicare	5/23/2024	Institutional
Rejection	UCVAX	Vaccine code <1> has not been federally approved on this date of service. Please update as applicable.	<p>Unapproved COVID-19 Vaccine</p> <p>CMS and the American Medical Association (AMA) collaborated on a new approach to report use of COVID-19 vaccines. If you plan to administer the COVID-19 vaccines or COVID-19 monoclonal antibody products, especially if you plan to roster bill for codes that describe these services, download and install the newest release of PC-ACE (PDF). This release includes the coding structure for COVID-19 vaccine and monoclonal antibody products, currently comprised of both of these: An AMA-issued HCPCS Level I CPT code structure and A CMS-issued HCPCS Level II code structure</p> <p>Together, these codes describe the administration of the COVID-19 vaccines and the monoclonal antibody products, as they become available. CMS and the AMA developed this code structure to make claims processing for administration of COVID-19 vaccines and monoclonal antibody infusions that get FDA EUA or FDA approval more efficient. Many of these codes are placeholders and aren't currently effective until an authorized product is specifically assigned. It's possible that we won't use all codes. We'll issue specific code descriptors in the future. Medicare effective dates for the codes will match with the date of the FDA EUA or</p>	Medicare	1/11/2024	Professional
Edit Type	ACE Edit	Edit Message	Description	Market	Effective	Claim
Rejection	UCVAXf	Vaccine code <1> has not been federally approved on this date of service. Please update as applicable.	<p>Unapproved COVID-19 Vaccine</p> <p>CMS and the American Medical Association (AMA) collaborated on a new approach to report use of COVID-19 vaccines. If you plan to administer the COVID-19 vaccines or COVID-19 monoclonal antibody products, especially if you plan to roster bill for codes that describe these services, download and install the newest release of PC-ACE (PDF). This release includes the coding structure for COVID-19 vaccine and monoclonal antibody products, currently comprised of both of these: An AMA-issued HCPCS Level I CPT code structure and A CMS-issued HCPCS Level II code structure</p> <p>Together, these codes describe the administration of the COVID-19 vaccines and the monoclonal antibody products, as they become available. CMS and the AMA developed this code structure to make claims processing for administration of COVID-19 vaccines and monoclonal antibody infusions that get FDA EUA or FDA approval more efficient. Many of these codes are placeholders and aren't currently effective until an authorized product is specifically assigned. It's possible that we won't use all codes. We'll issue specific code descriptors in the future. Medicare effective dates for the codes will match with the date of the FDA EUA or</p>	Medicare	1/11/2024	Institutional
Rejection	UPDf	Per CMS ICD-10-CM Guideline, Section II, diagnosis code <1> is not eligible as a primary diagnosis. Refer to MCE for diagnosis codes that are considered acceptable as a principal	<p>Unacceptable Principal Diagnosis Inpatient Facility</p> <p>Per the MCE (Medicare Code Editor) there are selected diagnosis codes that are considered unacceptable as principal diagnosis codes. In accordance with CMS guidelines, OptumCare Medicare Advantage will apply diagnosis coding guidelines that identify codes that should never be billed as a principal diagnosis but should always be coded as a secondary or subsequent diagnosis code to ensure appropriate assignment of Inpatient DRG (Diagnostic Related Group) Payment. Please refer to Section II of the 2021 CMS coding guidelines.</p>	Medicare	11/16/2023	Institutional
Rejection	VCD5f	Value code D5 is required on TOB 072X ESRD claims. Please update as applicable.	<p>Value Code D5 Not Present on ESRD Claim TOB 072x</p> <p>All ESRD claims with dates of service on or after July 1, 2010, must indicate the applicable Kt/V reading for the dialysis patient. The reading result and the date of the reading must be reported on the claim Value Code D5 - Result of last Kt/V reading. This code is effective and required on all ESRD claims with dates of service on or after July 1, 2010. For in-center hemodialysis patients, this is the last reading taken during the billing period. For peritoneal dialysis patients (and home hemodialysis patients), this may be before the current billing period but should be within 4 months of the claim date of service. If the provider has not performed the Kt/V test for the patient the provider must attest that no test was performed by reporting the value code D5 with a 9.99 value. In addition, requirements also state that contractors shall return to the provider 072x bill types with dates of service on or after July 1, 2010, that do not contain a value code D5. In summary, the VCD5f will fire on a claim with bill type 072x without value code D5 to report the last</p>	Medicare	3/23/2023	Institutional

Rejection	VCHf	An appropriate value code is required for HCPCS codes Q4081 or J0882. Please update as applicable.	<p>HCPCS Codes Q4081 or J0882 Requires Value Code 48 or 49</p> <p>The VCHf edit will fire on an ESRD claim with Type of Bill (TOB) 72X on a line containing HCPCS codes J0882 or Q4081 and value code 48 or value code 49 is not submitted. This is based on a requirement from The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 8 - Section 60.4.1 - Epoetin Alfa (EPO) Facility Billing Requirements and Section 60.7.1 Darbepoetin Alfa (Aranesp) Facility Billing Requirements state the hematocrit reading taken prior to the last administration of EPO during the billing period must also be reported on the UB-04/Form CMS-1450 with value code 49. The hemoglobin reading taken during the billing period must be reported on the UB-04/Form CMS-1450 with value code 48. The hematocrit reading taken prior to the last administration of Aranesp during the billing period must also be reported on the UB-04/Form CMS-1450 with value code 49. A hemoglobin reading may be reported on Aranesp claims using value code 48. In addition it also states Effective January 1, 2012, ESRD facilities are required to report hematocrit or hemoglobin levels on all ESRD claims irrespective of ESA administration. Reporting the value 99.99 is not permitted when billing for an ESA. The CMS Transmittal 1307, date July 20, 2007 states renal dialysis facilities are required to report hematocrit or hemoglobin levels for their Medicare patients receiving erythropoietin products. Hematocrit levels are reported in value code 49 and reflect the most recent reading taken before the start of the billing period. Hemoglobin readings before the start of the billing period are</p>	Medicare	11/9/2023	Institutional
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